

# Part 0: A gentle introduction to nonlinear optimization

Nick Gould (RAL)

minimize  $f(x)$  subject to  $c_{\mathcal{E}}(x) = 0$  and  $c_{\mathcal{I}}(x) \geq 0$   
 $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$

MSc course on nonlinear optimization

## WHAT IS NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING?

**Nonlinear optimization**  $\equiv$  **nonlinear programming**

minimize  $f(x)$  subject to  $c_{\mathcal{E}}(x) = 0$  and  $c_{\mathcal{I}}(x) \geq 0$   
 $x$

where

**objective function**  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$

**constraints**  $c_{\mathcal{E}} : \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^{m_e}$  ( $m_e \leq n$ ) and

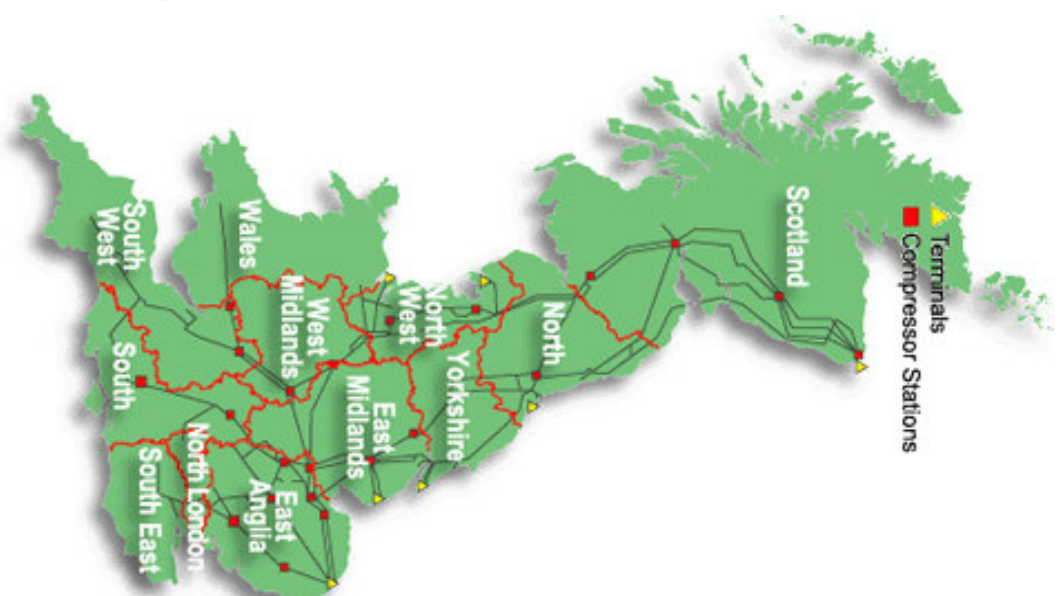
$c_{\mathcal{I}} : \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^{m_i}$

- ◉ there may also be integrality restrictions

# AN EXAMPLE

Optimization of  
a high-pressure  
gas network

British Gas (Transco)  
Oxford University  
RAL

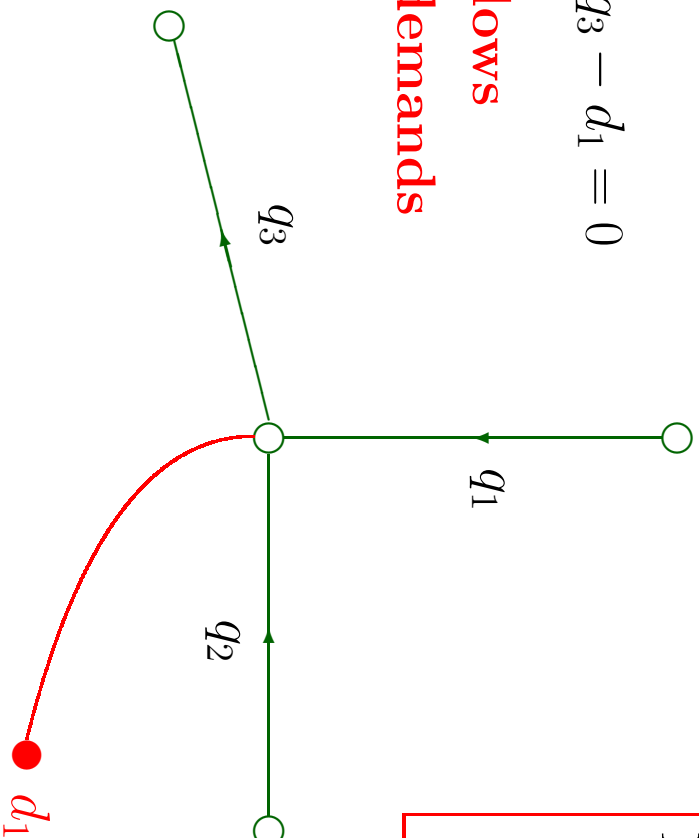


Transco  
National  
Transmission  
System

## NODE EQUATIONS

$$q_1 + q_2 - q_3 - d_1 = 0$$

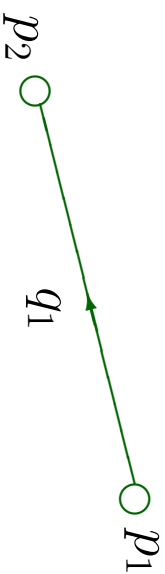
where  $q_i$  **flows**  
 $d_i$  **demands**



In general:  $Aq - d = 0$

- linear
- sparse
- structured

# PIPE EQUATIONS



$$p_2^2 - p_1^2 + k_1 q_1^{2.8359} = 0$$

where  $p_i$  **pressures**

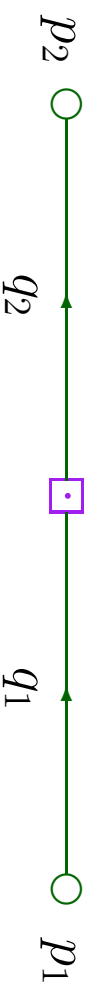
$q_i$  **flows**

$k_i$  **constants**

In general:  $A^T p^2 + K q^{2.8359} = 0$

- non-linear
- sparse
- structured

# COMPRESSOR CONSTRAINTS



$$q_1 - q_2 + z_1 \cdot c_1(p_1, q_1, p_2, q_2) \geq 0$$

where  $p_i$  **pressures**

$q_i$  **flows**

$z_i$  **0–1 variables**

= 1 if machine is on

$c_i$  **nonlinear functions**

In general:  $A_2^T q + z \cdot c(p, q) \geq 0$

- non-linear
- sparse
- structured
- 0–1 variables

## OTHER CONSTRAINTS

### Bounds on pressures and flows

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} p_{\min} & \leq & p & \leq & p_{\max} \\ q_{\min} & \leq & q & \leq & q_{\max} \end{array}$$

- ◉ simple bounds on variables

# OBJECTIVES

Many possible objectives

- ◉ maximize / minimize sum of pressures
- ◉ minimize compressor fuel costs
- ◉ minimize supply

+ combinations of these



# STATISTICS

British Gas National Transmission System

- ◉ 199 nodes
- ◉ 196 pipes
- ◉ 21 machines

Steady state problem

~400 variables

24-hour variable demand problem with 10 minute discretization

~58,000 variables

**Challenge:** Solve this in real time

# TYPICAL PROBLEM

This problem is typical of real-world, large-scale applications

- ◉ simple bounds
- ◉ linear constraints
- ◉ nonlinear constraints
- ◉ structure
- ◉ global solution “required”
- ◉ integer variables
- ◉ discretization

## (SOME) OTHER APPLICATION AREAS

- minimum energy problems
- structural design problems
- traffic equilibrium models
- production scheduling problems
- portfolio selection
- parameter determination in financial markets
- hydro-electric power scheduling
- gas production models
- computer tomography (image reconstruction)
- efficient models of alternative energy sources

# CLASSIFICATION OF OPTIMIZATION PROBLEMS

